

No.	文献リスト	カテゴリ
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2	糖尿病患者の卵摂取は心血管リスクに影響なし(介入研究) Fuller N R et al., The effect of a high-egg diet on cardiovascular risk factors in people with type 2 diabetes: the Diabetes and Egg (DIABEGG) study – a 3-mo randomized controlled trial. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> , 2015, 101:705-713.	糖尿病
3	卵黄は血中カロテノイド濃度を改善(介入試験) Christopher N. Bless et al., Egg intake improves carotenoid status by increasing plasma HDL cholesterol in adults with metabolic syndrome. <i>Food. Funct.</i> , 2013, 4:213–221.	栄養、吸収
4	糖尿病患者の卵摂取は炎症を改善する(介入試験) Martha Nydia Ballesteros et al., One Egg per Day Improves Inflammation when Compared to an Oatmeal-Based Breakfast without Increasing Other Cardiometabolic Risk Factors in Diabetic Patients. <i>Nutrients.</i> , 2015, 7:3449-	糖尿病
5	卵摂取でメタボリックシンドローム患者の脂質代謝や糖代謝を改善(介入試験) Christopher N. Bless et al., Whole egg consumption improves lipoprotein profiles and insulin sensitivity to a greater extent than yolk-free egg substitute in individuals with metabolic syndrome. <i>Metabolism.</i> , 2013, 62:400-410.	メタボリックシンドローム
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7	卵摂取は2型糖尿病患者の代謝調節に寄与する(介入試験) Pearce KL et al., Egg consumption as part of an energy-restricted high-protein diet improves blood lipid and blood glucose profiles in individuals with type 2 diabetes. <i>Br J Nutr.</i> 2011 Feb;105(4):584-92.	糖尿病
8	卵摂取量は心筋梗塞、脳卒中リスクと相関無し(コホート研究) Larsson S C, et al., Egg consumption and risk of heart failure, myocardial infarction, and stroke: results from 2 prospective cohorts. <i>Am. J. Clin. Nur.</i> , 2015, pii: ajcn119263.	循環器疾患
9	心血管疾患のリスクが高くても、卵は問題なく摂取できる(総説) Nicholas R. Fuller, et al., Egg Consumption and Human Cardio-Metabolic Health in People with and without Diabetes. <i>Nutrients.</i> , 2015;7:7399-7420; doi:10.3390/nu7095344	循環器疾患
10	卵の摂取量は冠動脈石灰化と相関なし(コホート研究) Jeremy M R et al., Association of egg consumption and calcified atherosclerotic plaque in the coronary arteries: the NHLBI Family Heart Study. <i>ESPEN J.</i> , 2014, 9: e131-e135.	循環器疾患
11	卵の摂取量は食事の質と関連あり Sonia Vega-López S et al., Egg intake and dietary quality among overweight and obese Mexican-American postpartum women. <i>Nutrients.</i> , 2015, 7: 8402-8412	栄養、吸収
12	ルテイン強化卵は血中脂質に影響を与えずルテイン濃度を増加(介入試験) van der Made S MN et al., Consuming a buttermilk drink containing lutein-enriched egg yolk daily for 1 year increased plasma lutein but did not affect serum lipid or lipoprotein concentrations in adults with early signs of age-related macular degeneration. <i>J. Nutr.</i> , 2014, 144: 1370-1377.	栄養、吸収
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15	鶏卵アレルギー経口負荷試験により6歳までに73%が免疫を獲得 Ohtani K et al., Natural history of immediate-type hen's egg allergy in Japanese. <i>Allergol. Int.</i> , 2015, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.alit.2015.10.005	卵アレルギー
16	卵殻膜加水分解物は、UV照射によるシワを改善(動物試験) Jin H Y et al., Effects of Egg Shell Membrane Hydrolysates on UVB-radiation-induced wrinkle formation in SKH-1 hairless mice. <i>Korean J. Food Sci. An.</i> , 2015, 35, 1: 58-70	その他
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19	卵黄ペプチドは抗酸化およびACE阻害活性を有する(in vitro) Marwa Y et al., Antioxidant and ACE inhibitory bioactive peptides purified from egg yolk proteins. <i>Int. J. Mol. Sci.</i> , 2015, 16: 29161-29178, doi:10.3390/ijms161226155	抗酸化、抗炎症
20	卵の摂取量と2型糖尿病発症リスクの関係(メタアナリシス) Wallin A et al., Egg consumption and risk of type 2 diabetes: a prospective study and dose-response meta-analysis. <i>Diabetologia.</i> , 2016, doi 10.1007/s00125-016-3923-6	糖尿病

21	卵摂取でメタボリックシンドロームのリスクが低減(横断研究) Woo HW et al., Cross-sectional and longitudinal associations between egg consumption and metabolic syndrome in adults 40 years old: The Yangpyeong Cohort of the Korean Genome and Epidemiology Study (KoGES_Yangpyeong). PLoS One., 2016, 11: e0147729.	メタボリックシンドローム
22	卵白加水分解物は肥満関連因子を改善する(動物試験) Garcés-Rimón M et al., Pepsin egg white hydrolysate ameliorates obesity-related oxidative stress, inflammation and steatosis in Zucker fatty rats. PLoS One., 2016, 11:e0151193.	メタボリックシンドローム
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24	調理法によって卵カロテノイドの吸収が変わる(in vitro) Chamila N et al., Bioaccessibility and digestive stability of carotenoids in cooked eggs studied using a dynamic in vitro gastrointestinal model. J. Agric. Food Chem., 2015, 63: 2956-2962.	栄養、吸収
25	冠動脈疾患者の卵摂取は血中脂質・血圧に影響なし(介入試験) Katz DL et al., Effects of egg ingestion on endothelial function in adults with coronary artery disease: A randomized, controlled, crossover trial. Am. Heart J., 2015, 169:162-169.	循環器疾患
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27	朝食に卵摂取で食欲が抑制される(介入試験) Bonnema AL et al., The effects of the combination of egg and fiber on appetite, glycemic response and food intake in normal weight adults-a randomized, controlled, crossover trial. Int. J. Food Sci. Nutr., 2016, 16:1-9.	メタボリックシンドローム
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Despo I et al., Timing of allergenic food introduction to the infant diet and risk of allergic or autoimmune disease. A systematic review and meta-analysis. JAMA. 2016, 316:1181-1192.

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Erami K et al., Dietary egg yolk supplementation improves low-protein-diet-induced fatty liver in rats. J. Nutr. Sci. Vitaminol., 2016, 62:240-248. | 脂質、コレステロール |
| 44 | 卵摂取量と前立腺がんに関連無し(コホート研究)
Wilson KM et al., Meat, fish, poultry, and egg intake at diagnosis and risk of prostate cancer progression. Cancer Prev. Res. (Phila), 2016, pii: canprevres.0070.2016. | がん |
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Jing Wu et al., Dietary protein sources and incidence of breast cancer: a dose-response meta-analysis of prospective studies. Nutrients, 2016, 8: 730 | がん |
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Natsume O et al., Two-step egg introduction for prevention of egg allergy in high-risk infants with eczema (PETIT): a randomized double-blind, placebo-controlled trial. Lancet, 2016. | 卵アレルギー |
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Yousr M et al., Antioxidant and ACE Inhibitory Bioactive Peptides Purified from Egg Yolk Proteins. Int. J. Mol. Sci., 2015, 16(12):29161-78. | 抗酸化、抗炎症 |
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Kralik G et al., Poultry products enriched with nutraceuticals have beneficial effects on human health., Med Glas (Zenica), 2017 14(1). doi: 10.17392/879-16. | 栄養、吸収 |
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DiMarco, D.M. et al., Intake of up to 3 Eggs per Day Is Associated with Changes in HDL Function and Increased Plasma Antioxidants in Healthy, Young Adults. J. Nutr. 2017, doi: 10.3945/jn.116.241877. | 脂質、コレステロール |
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MP Ylilauri et al., Association of Dietary Cholesterol and Egg Intakes With the Risk of Incident Dementia or Alzheimer Disease: The Kuopio Ischaemic Heart Disease Risk Factor Study. Am. J. Clin. Nutr., 2017. | その他 |
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Njike VY et al., Egg ingestion in adults with type 2 diabetes: effects on glycemic control, anthropometry, and diet quality—a randomized, controlled, crossover trial. BMJ Open Diabetes Research and Care 2016. | 糖尿病 |
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Jia H et al., Eggshell membrane powder ameliorates intestinal inflammation by facilitating the restitution of epithelial injury and alleviating microbial dysbiosis. Sci. Rep. 2017 doi:10.1038/srep43993 | 抗酸化、抗炎症 |
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Conrad Z et al., Time Trends and Patterns of Reported Egg Consumption in the U.S. by Sociodemographic Characteristics. Nutrients 2017; 9(4) | その他 |
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Zhou RF et al., Higher dietary intakes of choline and betaine are associated with a lower risk of primary liver cancer: a case-control study. Sci. Rep. 2017 7(1):679. | がん |
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64	卵白加水分解物はマヨネーズの酸化を阻害する Kobayashi H et al., Egg white hydrolysate inhibits oxidation in mayonnaise and a model system. <i>Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem.</i> , 2017, 81(6):1206-1215.doi: 10.1080/09168451.2017.1290519.	抗酸化、抗炎症
65	ルテイン強化卵黄含有バターミルクは血管内皮機能や脂質代謝に影響なし(介入試験) Sanne M. van der Made et al., One-year daily consumption of buttermilk drink containing lutein-enriched egg-yolks does not affect endothelial function in fasting and postprandial state. <i>Sci. Rep.</i> , 2017, 2; 7(1):1353.	循環器疾患
66	アヒル卵白ペプチドは骨形成を調節する(動物試験) Hou T et al., Desalted Duck Egg White Peptides Promote Calcium Uptake and Modulate Bone Formation in the Retinoic Acid-Induced Bone Loss Rat and Caco-2 Cell Model. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2017, 12; 9(5).	運動、身体機能
67	卵白の脂質蓄積抑制効果(動物試験) Ochiai M et al., Egg white hydrolysate can be a low-allergenic food material to suppress ectopic fat accumulation in rats fed an equicaloric diet. <i>J. Nutr. Sci. Vitaminol.</i> , 2017, 63(2):111-119.	脂質、コレステロール
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